Medical Terminology

CTAN alignment with the Tech Prep Health Information Management Services Pathway in the Career Field Technical Content Standards of the Ohio Department of Education. This CTAN contains all the learning outcomes of the OAN entitled "Medical Terminology" (OHL020) which is part of the Health Information Management TAG.

Course Description: This course will provide exposure to medical language. Terms related to human body structure, procedures, abbreviations, the treatment of diseases, standard abbreviations etc., will be provided. This course offers information that applies to the fundamental understanding of terms from many areas of medicine.

Semester Credit Hours: 3

Alignment:

Learning Outcomes The student will be able to:	Competencies in ODE's Revised Career Field Technical Content Standards
1. Define medical prefixes, suffixes, combining forms,	2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and
word roots, and compound words.*	using word elements (e.g., word
	roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms).
	2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical
	terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language.
	2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and
	interpret various medical reports.
	2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify
	anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
	associated medical specialties and procedures.
	2.3.5. Use proper spelling and pronunciation of medical terms when
	communicating medical instructions and preparing medical
	documentations.

2. Describe how medical terms are constructed using	2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and
word elements.*	using word elements (e.g., word
	roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms).
	2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical
	terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language.
	2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and
	interpret various medical reports.
	2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify
	anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
	associated medical specialties and procedures.
	2.2.5 Lice proper spelling and propunciation of modical terms when
	communicating medical instructions and pronaring medical
3. Construct medical words by combining forms,	2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and
prefixes and suffixes.*	using word elements (e.g., word
	roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms).
	2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical
	terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language.
	2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and
	interpret various medical reports.
	2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify
	anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
	associated medical specialties and procedures.
	2.3.5 Use proper spelling and propunciation of medical terms when
	communicating medical instructions and prenaring medical
	documentations

4. Apply the rules used to build singular/plural forms of	2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and
medical terms derived from the Greek and Latin	using word elements (e.g., word
language.*	roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms).
	2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical
	terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language.
	2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and
	interpret various medical reports.
	2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify
	anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
	associated medical specialties and procedures.
	2.3.5. Use proper spelling and pronunciation of medical terms when communicating medical instructions and preparing medical documentations.
5. Define a medical term by dividing it into its	2.3.1 Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and
or benne a mealear term by arrang termeories	
elements.*	using word elements (e.g., word
elements.*	using word elements (e.g., word roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms).
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elements.*	 2.3.1. Build and decipiter medical term meanings by identifying and using word elements (e.g., word roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms). 2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language. 2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and interpret various medical reports. 2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
elements.*	 2.3.1. Build and decipiter medical term meanings by identifying and using word elements (e.g., word roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms). 2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language. 2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and interpret various medical reports. 2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the associated medical specialties and procedures.

6. Spell terms related to the pathology, diagnostic and treatment procedures, and pharmacology of each body system.*	 2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and using word elements (e.g., word roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms). 2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language. 2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and interpret various medical reports. 2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the associated medical specialties and procedures. 2.3.5. Use proper spelling and pronunciation of medical terms when communicating medical instructions and preparing medical documentations.
7. Pronounce terms related to the pathology, diagnostic and treatment procedures, and pharmacology of each body system.*	 2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and using word elements (e.g., word roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms). 2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language. 2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and interpret various medical reports. 2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the associated medical specialties and procedures. 2.3.5. Use proper spelling and pronunciation of medical terms when communicating medical instructions and preparing medical documentations.

8. Identify common diagnostic procedures and	2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and
conditions including laboratory and radiology tests and	using word elements (e.g., word
exams*	roots, prefixes, suffixes, combining forms).
	2.3.2. Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical
	terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language.
	2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and
	interpret various medical reports.
	2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify
	anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
	associated medical specialties and procedures.
	2.3.5. Use proper spelling and pronunciation of medical terms when
	communicating medical instructions and preparing medical
	documentations.
9. Identify the body systems in terms of their major	2.1.1 Describe the physical characteristics, components and function of
structures, functions, and related work parts.*	blood (e.g., ABO, Rh, blood cells, precursors and respiratory).
	2.1.2 Describe the cardiovascular system and trace the path of blood and factors affecting blood flow.
	2.1.3 Describe how blood pressure is controlled and factors influencing changes in blood pressure.
	2.1.4 Describe the function and components of the respiratory system and pulmonary ventilation and factors influencing respiratory rates.
	2.1.5 Describe nerve tissue and the nervous system including regions of the brain and their function, the spinal nerves, signal transmission at synapses, and the sympathetic and parasympathetic system.

2.1.6 Describe the musculoskeletal system including skeletal, cardiac, and
smooth muscle; various bone structures and the role of bone marrow, and
joints and injuries.
2.1.7 Describe the gastrointestinal system including structures of chewing,
swallowing, digestion, and elimination and the role of accessory organs
including the liver, pancreas and gallbladder.
2.1.8 Describe the urinary system structures and principles of glomerular
filtration electrolyte exchanges and their role in the production of red
blood cells and control of blood pressure.
2.1.9 Describe the immune system and the lymphatic system's role in
immunity.
2.1.10 Describe the sensory system, related structures and functions.
2.1.11 Describe the endocrine system, its structures and the role of
hormones.
2.1.12 Differentiate between the male and female reproductive system
structures and function
2.1.13 Describe the integumentary system, related structures, and
functions.
2.1.14 Describe the difference between pathology and physiology and the
conditions typically observed during a disease state.
2.1.15 Explain the pathophysiology changes associated with or resulting
from disease or injury.

10. Identify the medical specialists who treat disorders	4.1.5. Identify the medical specialists who treat disorders of each body
of each body system.*	system.
11. Identify body planes, directions, cavities, quadrants	4.1.6. Identify body planes, directions, cavities, quadrants, and regions.
and regions.*	
12. Define common medical and healthcare	1.2.1 Extract relevant, valid information from materials and cite sources of
abbreviations. *	information (e.g., medical reports, fitness assessment, medical test
	results).
	2.3.1. Build and decipher medical term meanings by identifying and using word elements (e.g., word roots prefixes suffixes combining forms)
	2.3.2 Apply the rules used to build singular and plural forms of medical
	terminology derived from the Greek and Latin language.
	2.3.3. Use diagnostic, symptomatic and procedural terms to read and interpret various medical reports.
	2.3.4. Use the appropriate abbreviations and symbols to identify
	anatomical, physiological and pathological classifications and the
	associated medical specialties and procedures.
	2.3.5. Use proper spelling and pronunciation of medical terms when communicating medical instructions and preparing medical documentations.

13. Describe the anatomical structures of the given body	2.1.1 Describe the physical characteristics, components and function of
systems, common diseases, and medical and surgical	blood (e.g., ABO, Rh, blood cells, precursors and respiratory).
procedures.*	2.1.2 Describe the cardiovascular system and trace the path of blood and factors affecting blood flow.
	2.1.3 Describe how blood pressure is controlled and factors influencing changes in blood pressure.
	2.1.4 Describe the function and components of the respiratory system and pulmonary ventilation and factors influencing respiratory rates.
	2.1.5 Describe nerve tissue and the nervous system including regions of the brain and their function, the spinal nerves, signal transmission at synapses, and the sympathetic and parasympathetic system.
	2.1.6 Describe the musculoskeletal system including skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscle, various bone structures and the role of bone marrow, and joints and injuries.
	2.1.7 Describe the gastrointestinal system including structures of chewing, swallowing, digestion, and elimination and the role of accessory organs including the liver, pancreas and gallbladder.
	2.1.8 Describe the urinary system structures and principles of glomerular filtration, electrolyte exchanges, and their role in the production of red blood cells and control of blood pressure.
	2.1.9 Describe the immune system and the lymphatic system's role in immunity.
	2.1.10 Describe the sensory system, related structures and functions.

	2.1.11 Describe the endocrine system, its structures and the role of hormones.
	2.1.12 Differentiate between the male and female reproductive system, structures, and function.
	2.1.13 Describe the integumentary system, related structures, and functions.
	2.1.14 Describe the difference between pathology and physiology and the conditions typically observed during a disease state.
	2.1.15 Explain the pathophysiology changes associated with or resulting from disease or injury.
14. Interpret various medical reports that use common	1.2.1 Extract relevant, valid information from materials and cite sources of
diagnostic, symptomatic, and procedurals terms and	information (e.g., medical reports, fitness assessment, medical test
standard abbreviations. *	results).
	5.8.12 Prepare and present findings using scientific reports.